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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/538,364	06/13/2005	Shiro Shibayama	Q88494	6855

65565 7590 01/22/2007
SUGHRUE-265550
2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVE. NW
WASHINGTON, DC 20037-3213

EXAMINER
MERTZ, PREMA MARIA

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
1646	

SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
3 MONTHS	01/22/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/538,364

Applicant(s)

SHIBAYAMA ET AL.

Examiner

Prema M. Mertz

Art Unit

1646

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27 December 2006.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-27,31 and 32 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-8,10-27,31 and 32 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 9 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6/13/2005.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application
- 6) ☐ Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election without traverse of Group 11 (claim 9) in the reply filed on 12/27/2006 is acknowledged.

Claims 1-8, 10-27, 31-32 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

Specification

2. The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112, second paragraph

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 9 is rejected as vague and indefinite because the preamble of the claim recites that in the instant method, a method of measuring an occupying ratio of a compound is to be determined, and the last step in the claim recites that binding of anti-CCR5 antibody to CCR5 is defined as 100%. However, non-specific binding in the absence of unlabeled antibody has not been considered.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

4a. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as unpatentable over WO 98/18826 (Leucosite, Inc.)

The reference describes a method for measuring ligand binding to a cell expressing CCR5 comprising allowing a CCR5 expressing cell to contact with a labeled compound (MIP-1 α or MIP-1 β), allowing the labeled compound to bind, then contacting with anti-CCR5 antibody and calculating the binding ratio of the labeled compound bound to CCR5 based on the amount of labeled compound bound in the presence and absence of anti-CCR5 antibody (see page 64, lines 21-31; page 65, lines 1-7). However, it would be *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to measure binding of the compound bound to CCR5 on the cell based on the ratio

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of the bound amount of labeled anti-CCR5 antibody when the compound is bound to CCR5 to a bound amount of labeled anti-CCR5 antibody when the compound is not bound to CCR5. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do so because the reference teaches that total binding was in the presence of labeled compound with or without appropriate amount of anti-CCR5 antibody. Thus the artisan would have expected equal success using the anti-CCR5 antibody bound to CCR5 as 100% binding.

4b. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 6,528,625 ('625 patent).

The '625 patent teaches a method of identifying and detecting ligands bound to a CCR5 expressing cell by allowing a CCR5 expressing cell to contact with a compound to be tested allowing the compound to bind, then contacting with labeled anti-CCR5 antibody and calculating the binding ratio of the compound bound to CCR5 based on the amount of compound bound in the presence and absence of labeled anti-CCR5 antibody (see column 3, lines 32-67; column 4, lines 1-14). It would be *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to measure the occupying ratio of the compound bound to CCR5 on the cell based on the ratio of the bound amount of labeled anti-CCR5 antibody when the compound is bound to CCR5 to a bound amount of labeled anti-CCR5 antibody when the compound is not bound to CCR5. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do so because the reference teaches that this assay can be used to detect agents including ligands or other substances including inhibitors or promoters of receptor function which can bind CCR5 (see column 4, lines 3-14).

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Conclusion

No claim is allowed.

Claim 9 is rejected.

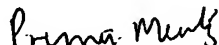
Advisory Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Prema Mertz whose telephone number is (571) 272-0876. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 7:00AM to 3:30PM (Eastern time).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gary Nickol, can be reached on (571) 272-0835.

Official papers filed by fax should be directed to (571) 273-8300. Faxed draft or informal communications with the examiner should be directed to (571) 273-0876.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).


Prema Mertz Ph.D., J.D.
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 1646
January 10, 2007